THE PORT AUTHORITY OF NY & NJ

ONE WORLD TRADE CENTER
NEW YORK, NY 10048

(212) 435-7000
(201) 961-6600

RECEIVED
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December 19, 1996

Mr. Michael O'Shea
Three Generations Contracting Corp.
322 36th Street
Brooklyn, NY. 11232

Dear Mr. O'Shea:

In accordance with the U.S. Department of Labor Occupational Safety and Health Administration (U.S. OSHA) Standard 29 CFR 1910.1001: **Occupational Exposure to Asbestos; Final Rule, Section (j): Communication of hazards to employees - Introduction, Parts (j) (1): Installed Asbestos Containing Material, (j)(2)(i-iii): Duties of employees and building and facility owners, and (J)(3): Warning signs, please be advised that asbestos-containing building materials (ACBM) are present within the World Trade Center.**

Asbestos surveys conducted at the World Trade Center have identified the following types of asbestos-containing building materials which Three Generations Contracting Corp. employees may come into contact within the course of their work: 1) Asbestos-containing sprayed-on fireproofing, 2) Thermal system insulation materials covering components of the building's heating, ventilation, and air conditioning system, 3) Vinyl asbestos floor tiles, and 4) Asbestos-containing roofing material. Copies of these surveys and related drawings are on file, and can be reviewed by contacting the Environmental Coordinator, World Trade Department Plant & Structures Division.

Asbestos-containing sprayed-on fireproofing (known as surfacing material), is typically found on the structural members and/or the underside of the floor slab comprising the subgrade and tower floor support system, the steel columns within the elevator shafts, and structural bracing members present in the subgrades. Thermal system insulation materials are typically found within mechanical spaces used for the purpose of piping, ductwork, and fan unit thermal insulation. Both surfacing and thermal ACBMs are classified as friable ACBM; materials which can be reduced to a powder by hand pressure. Vinyl asbestos floor tiles, virtually present throughout the facility, are considered as non-friable ACBM; materials which cannot be reduced to a powder by hand pressure.

As described in the above referenced regulation and summarized below, U.S. OSHA has specific work classifications and response actions for both friable surfacing and thermal ACBMs; Class I, non-friable ACBM; Class II, asbestos operations and maintenance activities; Class III, and general housekeeping activities; Class IV.

PLAINTIFF'S EXHIBIT
PX-746

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Responses to friable ACBM's are considered by U.S. OSHA as a Class I response. Workers responding to friable Class I ACBMs with the purpose of removing, encapsulating or enclosing asbestos must be four or five day trained asbestos handlers and supervisors. For Class I responses, negative pressure enclosure and work areas containment is required.

Workers responding to non-friable Class II ACBMs with the purpose of removing, encapsulating or enclosing must be four or five day trained handlers and supervisors. Class II responses may proceed with limited containment providing the ACBM being removed does not become friable.

U.S. OSHA considers the limited removal of ACBMs which is ancillary, and in support of required facility maintenance as Class III; operations and maintenance activities. Workers responding to the Class III work tasks must be two day trained operations and maintenance asbestos workers.

U.S. OSHA allows for the cleaning of surfaces contaminated with asbestos in their Class IV work category; general housekeeping. Class IV responders must be general awareness trained, and properly equipped to perform the required clean-up.

Three Generations Contracting Corp. staff is not to participate in an asbestos response. At the World Trade Center, all asbestos related responses; scheduled removals, emergency responses, and clean-ups are only performed by either licensed abatement contractors, or trained operations and maintenance staff of the Plant and Structures Division.

In addition to having access to the World Trade Center's asbestos survey documents, Three Generations Contracting Corp. will be provided on a bi-weekly basis a summary of asbestos abatement activities in progress.

Sincerely,

James A. Grismer
General Manager
WTC Operations, Safety & Security

/dj

cc: E. Bialik, M. Bystryn, T. Cancelliere, R. Catlin, N. Chanfrau, R. DiChiara, J. Fitzgerald, T. Stam, P. Taylor, F. Varriano, T. Wahrman

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December 19, 1996

Mr. Errol White
President
Verrazano Exterminating Corp.
7 Everett Street
N. Valley Stream, NY 11580

Dear Mr. White:

In accordance with the U.S. Department of Labor Occupational Safety and Health Administration (U.S. OSHA) Standard 29 CFR 1910.1001: **Occupational Exposure to Asbestos; Final Rule, Section (j): Communication of hazards to employees - Introduction, Parts (j) (1): Installed Asbestos Containing Material, (j)(2)(i-iii): Duties of employees and building and facility owners, and (J)(3): Warning signs, please be advised that asbestos-containing building materials (ACBM) are present within the World Trade Center.**

Asbestos surveys conducted at the World Trade Center have identified the following types of asbestos-containing building materials which Verrazano Exterminating Corp. employees may come into contact within the course of their work: 1) Asbestos-containing sprayed-on fireproofing, 2) Thermal system insulation materials covering components of the building's heating, ventilation, and air conditioning system, 3) Vinyl asbestos floor tiles, and 4) Asbestos-containing roofing material. Copies of these surveys and related drawings are on file, and can be reviewed by contacting the Environmental Coordinator, World Trade Department Plant & Structures Division.

Asbestos-containing sprayed-on fireproofing (known as surfacing material), is typically found on the structural members and/or the underside of the floor slab comprising the subgrade and tower floor support system, the steel columns within the elevator shafts, and structural bracing members present in the subgrades. Thermal system insulation materials are typically found within mechanical spaces used for the purpose of piping, ductwork, and fan unit thermal insulation. Both surfacing and thermal ACBMs are classified as friable ACBM; materials which can be reduced to a powder by hand pressure. Vinyl asbestos floor tiles, virtually present throughout the facility, are considered as non-friable ACBM; materials which cannot be reduced to a powder by hand pressure.

As described in the above referenced regulation and summarized below, U.S. OSHA has specific work classifications and response actions for both friable surfacing and thermal ACBMs; **Class I**, non-friable ACBM; **Class II**, asbestos operations and maintenance activities; **Class III**, and general housekeeping activities; **Class IV**.

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Responses to friable ACBM's are considered by U.S. OSHA as a Class I response. Workers responding to friable Class I ACBMs with the purpose of removing, encapsulating or enclosing asbestos must be four or five day trained asbestos handlers and supervisors. For Class I responses, negative pressure enclosure and work areas containment is required.

Workers responding to non-friable Class II ACBMs with the purpose of removing, encapsulating or enclosing must be four or five day trained handlers and supervisors. Class II responses may proceed with limited containment providing the ACBM being removed does not become friable.

U.S. OSHA considers the limited removal of ACBMs which is ancillary, and in support of required facility maintenance as Class III; operations and maintenance activities. Workers responding to the Class III work tasks must be two day trained operations and maintenance asbestos workers.

U.S. OSHA allows for the cleaning of surfaces contaminated with asbestos in their Class IV work category; general housekeeping. Class IV responders must be general awareness trained, and properly equipped to perform the required clean-up.

Verrazano Exterminating Corp. staff is not to participate in an asbestos response. At the World Trade Center, all asbestos related responses; scheduled removals, emergency responses, and clean-ups are only performed by either licensed abatement contractors, or trained operations and maintenance staff of the Plant and Structures Division.

In addition to having access to the World Trade Center's asbestos survey documents, Verrazano Exterminating Corp. will be provided on a bi-weekly basis a summary of asbestos abatement activities in progress.

Sincerely,

James A. Grismer
General Manager
WTC Operations, Safety & Security

/dj

cc: E. Bialik, M. Bystryn, T. Cancelliere, R. Catlin, N. Chanfrau, R. DiChiara, J. Fitzgerald, T. Stam, P. Taylor, F. Varriano, T. Wahrman

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ONE WORLD TRADE CENTER
NEW YORK, NY 10048

(212) 435-7000
(201) 961-6600

December 19, 1996

Mr. Michael Conlon
Resident Manager
American Building Maintenance
Four World Trade Center - 4th Floor
New York, NY 10048

Dear Mr. Conlon:

In accordance with the U.S. Department of Labor Occupational Safety and Health Administration (U.S. OSHA) Standard 29 CFR 1910.1001: **Occupational Exposure to Asbestos; Final Rule,** Section (j): Communication of hazards to employees - Introduction, Parts (j) (1): Installed Asbestos Containing Material, (j)(2)(i-iii): Duties of employees and building and facility owners, and (J)(3): Warning signs, please be advised that asbestos-containing building materials (ACBM) are present within the World Trade Center.

Asbestos surveys conducted at the World Trade Center have identified the following types of asbestos-containing building materials which American Building Maintenance employees may come into contact within the course of their work: 1) Asbestos-containing sprayed-on fireproofing, 2) Thermal system insulation materials covering components of the building's heating, ventilation, and air conditioning system, 3) Vinyl asbestos floor tiles, and 4) Asbestos-containing roofing material. Copies of these surveys and related drawings are on file, and can be reviewed by contacting the Environmental Coordinator, World Trade Department Plant & Structures Division.

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Workers responding to non-friable Class II ACBMs with the purpose of removing, encapsulating or enclosing must be four or five day trained handlers and supervisors. Class II responses may proceed with limited containment providing the ACBM being removed does not become friable.

U.S. OSHA considers the limited removal of ACBMs which is ancillary, and in support of required facility maintenance as Class III; operations and maintenance activities. Workers responding to the Class III work tasks must be two day trained operations and maintenance asbestos workers.

U.S. OSHA allows for the cleaning of surfaces contaminated with asbestos in their Class IV work category; general housekeeping. Class IV responders must be general awareness trained, and properly equipped to perform the required clean-up.

American Building Maintenance staff is not to participate in an asbestos response. At the World Trade Center, all asbestos related responses; scheduled removals, emergency responses, and clean-ups are only performed by either licensed abatement contractors, or trained operations and maintenance staff of the Plant and Structures Division.

In addition to having access to the World Trade Center's asbestos survey documents, American Building Maintenance will be provided on a bi-weekly basis a summary of asbestos abatement activities in progress.

Sincerely,

James A. Grismer
General Manager
WTC Operations, Safety & Security

/dj

cc: E. Bialik, M. Bystryn, T. Cancelliere, R. Catlin, N. Chanfrau, R. DiChiara, J. Fitzgerald, T. Stam, P. Taylor, F. Varriano, T. Wahrman